

Lab Worksheet for November 30 , 2021

Practice with the Intermediate Value Theorem and past topics.

1.) Let g be a continuous function on the closed interval $[-1,5]$. A few values of g are given in this table:

x	-1	2	4	5
$g(x)$	0	4	9	15

What interval(s) must contain a solution to $g(x) = 3$?

2.) Let h be a continuous function on the closed interval $[1,6]$. A few values of h are given in this table:

x	1	3	4	6
$h(x)$	-5	-2	2	-5

What interval(s) must contain a solution to $h(x) = 0$?

3.) A continuous function f satisfies the following properties:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 5$.

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 2.$

c) f is not defined at 3.

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \infty.$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = -\infty.$

f) $f''(x)$ is negative when $x < 3.$

g) $f''(x)$ is positive when $x > 3.$

Sketch the graph.

4.) Sketch the graph of the following function.

$$f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x^2-9}$$

5.) Evaluate each limit.

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3-8}{x^2-4}$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x}$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^3-12x+16}$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^x$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{x-1}{x^2-9}$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} \frac{x-1}{x^2-9}$

$$\text{g) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x-1}{x^2-9}$$